

## INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Second Quarter 2024

# INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (unaudited)

As at		June 30,	December 31,
(CAD \$ millions)	Note	2024	2023
	Note	2024	2020
Assets			
Current Assets			
Accounts receivable		421.6	400.2
Deposits and prepaid expenses		34.7	32.9
Assets held for sale	9	153.3	-
Risk management contracts	4 & 5	39.6	78.4
Total current assets	100	649.2	511.5
		040.2	011.0
Non-current deposit	21	82.9	82.9
Property, plant and equipment	6 & 7	8,726.9	8,772.6
Exploration and evaluation	8	155.6	169.8
Right-of-use assets	10	54.7	22.1
Risk management contracts	4 & 5	13.2	43.3
Total assets		9,682.5	9,602.2
		-,	•,••=
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		609.6	509.0
Share awards liability	15	13.7	10.1
Dividends payable	18(b)	36.5	36.4
Deferred gain	14	2.3	2.3
Lease liabilities	12	15.0	7.8
Liabilities associated with assets held for sale		1.5	-
Risk management contracts	4 & 5	14.1	2.0
Total current liabilities		692.7	567.6
Risk management contracts	4 & 5	3.8	0.3
Long-term debt	11	1,190.1	1,356.1
Lease liabilities	12	107.3	<sup>´</sup> 18.8
Decommissioning liability	13	1,109.3	1,093.1
Share awards liability	15	5.0	4.2
Deferred gain	14	48.9	50.1
Deferred income tax		953.1	1,035.0
Total liabilities		4,110.2	4,125.2
Shareholders' Equity			
Share capital	15	4,814.0	4,805.0
Contributed surplus	15	17.6	16.9
Retained earnings		740.7	655.1
Total shareholders' equity		5,572.3	5,477.0
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		9,682.5	9,602.2
			-,

See accompanying notes to the interim consolidated financial statements

Approved on behalf of the Board: (signed) "Stephen C. Nikiforuk"

Stephen C. Nikiforuk

Director

(signed) "Grant B. Fagerheim" Grant B. Fagerheim Director

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the three and six months ended June 30 (unaudited)

		Three Mo	nths Ended June 30,	Six Mo	nths Ended June 30,
(CAD \$ millions, except per share amounts)	Note	2024	2023	2024	2023
Revenue					
Petroleum and natural gas sales	16	1,048.9	873.4	1,982.2	1,826.0
Royalties		(162.8)	(128.2)	(308.4)	(288.9)
Petroleum and natural gas sales, net of royalties		886.1	745.2	1,673.8	1,537.1
Other income (loss)					
Net gain (loss) on commodity contracts	5	19.3	44.8	(67.4)	95.2
Total revenue and other income		905.4	790.0	1,606.4	1,632.3
Expenses					
Operating		217.7	203.0	438.0	398.1
Transportation		34.2	29.8	66.0	59.6
Marketing		63.1	68.0	122.4	132.2
General and administrative		16.2	13.4	31.6	27.3
Stock-based compensation	5 & 15	9.6	9.1	25.3	22.6
Interest and financing	5 & 11	24.7	14.4	46.8	39.2
Accretion of decommissioning liabilities	13	10.2	8.2	18.9	16.1
Depletion, depreciation, and amortization	7 8	246.7	207.7	484.0	423.3
Exploration and evaluation		2.8	0.7	14.2	5.2
Net gain on asset dispositions	6 & 14	(1.9)	(0.5)	(2.5)	(76.9)
Total expenses		623.3	553.8	1,244.7	1,046.7
Income before income taxes		282.1	236.2	361.7	585.6
income before income taxes		202.1	230.2	301.7	565.0
Taxes					
Current income tax expense		100.6	4.2	139.3	17.2
Deferred income tax (recovery) expense		(63.0)	56.6	(81.9)	130.4
Total income tax expense		37.6	60.8	57.4	147.6
		57.0	00.0	57.4	147.0
Net income and other comprehensive income		244.5	175.4	304.3	438.0
Net Income Per Share (\$/share)					
Basic	17	0.41	0.29	0.51	0.72
Diluted	17	0.41	0.29	0.51	0.72

See accompanying notes to the interim consolidated financial statements

## INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the six months ended June 30 (unaudited)

(CAD \$ millions)	Note	2024	2023
Share Capital	15(b)		
Balance, beginning of year		4,805.0	4,872.8
Common shares repurchased	15(c)	(1.8)	(27.6)
Share award vesting, non-insider	15(d)	11.0	8.3
Share award vesting, insider	15(b)	(0.2)	15.8
Balance, end of period		4,814.0	4,869.3
Contributed Surplus	15(e)		
Balance, beginning of year		16.9	12.2
Stock-based compensation		11.7	10.2
Share award vesting, non-insider	15(d)	(11.0)	(8.3)
Balance, end of period		17.6	14.1
Retained Earnings			
Balance, beginning of year		655.1	164.7
Net income and other comprehensive income		304.3	438.0
Common shares repurchased	15(c)	(0.4)	(5.4)
Dividends		(218.3)	(175.4)
Balance, end of period		740.7	421.9

See accompanying notes to the interim consolidated financial statements

## INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the three and six months ended June 30 (unaudited)

		Three Mo	onths Ended June 30,	Six Mo	onths Ended June 30,
(CAD \$ millions)	Note	2024	2023	2024	2023
Operating Activities					
Net income and other comprehensive income		244.5	175.4	304.3	438.0
Items not affecting cash:					
Depletion, depreciation, and amortization	7	246.7	207.7	484.0	423.3
Exploration and evaluation	8	2.8	0.7	14.2	5.2
Deferred income tax (recovery) expense		(63.0)	56.6	(81.9)	130.4
Stock-based compensation	5 & 15	5.1	5.1	9.3	7.9
Accretion expense	13	10.2	8.2	18.9	16.1
Unrealized loss (gain) on risk management					
contracts	5	(10.5)	(32.5)	84.5	(66.9)
Net gain on asset dispositions	6 & 14	(1.9)	(0.6)	(2.5)	(77.7)
Settlement of decommissioning liabilities	13	(7.5)	(5.5)	(20.4)	(13.2)
Net change in non-cash working capital	18	78.6	(0.2)	47.1	20.4
Cash flow from operating activities		505.0	414.9	857.5	883.5
Financing Activities					
Decrease in long-term debt		(202.5)	(77.2)	(166.0)	(585.1)
Common shares repurchased	15(c)	(2.2)	-	(2.2)	(33.0)
Dividends		(109.2)	(87.7)	(218.3)	(175.4)
Principal portion of lease payments		(2.0)	(1.8)	(3.9)	(3.6)
Net change in non-cash working capital	18	0.1	0.1	0.1	6.9
Cash flow used in financing activities		(315.8)	(166.6)	(390.3)	(790.2)
Investing Activities					
Expenditures on property, plant and equipment		(203.8)	(217.8)	(597.0)	(471.4)
Expenditures on property acquisitions		(1.7)	-	(1.7)	-
Cash from property dispositions	6	100.0	0.1	100.3	360.5
Expenditures on corporate acquisitions, net of					
cash acquired		-	6.6	-	6.6
Net change in non-cash working capital	18	(83.7)	(37.2)	31.2	11.0
Cash flow used in investing activities		(189.2)	(248.3)	(467.2)	(93.3)
Change in cash, during the period		-	-	-	-
Cash, beginning of period		-	-	-	-
Cash, end of period		-	-	-	-
Cash Interest Paid		24.2	21.1	39.6	37.5
Cash Taxes Paid		31.9	-	96.5	-

See accompanying notes to the interim consolidated financial statements

## 1. NATURE OF BUSINESS

Whitecap Resources Inc. (also referred to herein as "Whitecap" or the "Company") is a Calgary based oil and gas company that is engaged in the business of acquiring, developing and holding interests in petroleum and natural gas properties and assets. Whitecap's common shares are traded on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") under the symbol WCP. The Company's principal place of business is located at 3800, 525 – 8th Avenue SW, Calgary, Alberta, Canada, T2P 1G1.

## 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

## a) Statement of Compliance

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles, specifically International Accounting Standard ("**IAS**") 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. They are condensed as they do not include all of the information required for full annual consolidated financial statements, and they should be read in conjunction with the audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023.

The policies applied in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements are based on International Financial Reporting Standards ("**IFRS Accounting Standards**") issued and outstanding as at July 23, 2024, the date the Board of Directors approved these statements.

## 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements follow the same accounting policies as the most recent annual audited consolidated financial statements. The interim consolidated financial statements note disclosures do not include all of those required by IFRS Accounting Standards applicable for annual consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, these interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023.

## 4. DETERMINATION OF FAIR VALUES

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the following methods. When applicable, further information about the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset or liability.

The Company's financial instruments recorded at fair value require disclosure about how the fair value was determined based on significant levels of inputs described in the following hierarchy:

- Level 1 Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date. Active markets are those in which transactions occur in sufficient frequency and value to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
- Level 2 Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets included in Level 1. Prices in Level 2 are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date. Level 2 valuations for commodity, interest and foreign exchange contracts are based on inputs including quoted forward prices for commodities, forward interest rates and forward foreign exchange rates, respectively, time value and volatility factors, which can be substantially observed or corroborated in the marketplace.
- Level 3 Valuations in this level are those with inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

The carrying value of deposits and prepaid expenses, accounts receivable, bank debt, dividends payable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities included in the balance sheet approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of those instruments or the indexed rate of interest on the bank debt. The fair value measurement of the risk management contracts and the senior notes have a fair value hierarchy of Level 2. The fair value measurement of property, plant and equipment ("**PP&E**"), exploration and evaluation ("**E&E**"), and right-of-use assets have a fair value hierarchy of Level 3. The Company's finance department is responsible for performing the valuation of financial instruments, including the calculation of Level 3 fair values. Refer to Notes 7, 8, 10 and 14 for changes in the Company's Level 3 assets.

## a) PP&E and E&E Assets

The fair value of PP&E recognized is based on market values. The market value of PP&E is the estimated amount for which PP&E could be exchanged on the acquisition date between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's length transaction after proper marketing wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion. The market value of oil and natural gas interests (included in PP&E) is generally estimated with reference to the discounted cash flows expected to be derived from oil and natural gas production based on internally and externally prepared reserve reports prepared by qualified individuals. The risk-adjusted discount rate is specific to the asset with reference to general market conditions. The market value of E&E assets is estimated with reference to the market values of current arm's length transactions in comparable locations.

#### b) Deposits, Prepaid Expenses, Accounts Receivable, Long-term Debt, Dividends Payable, Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

The fair value of deposits, prepaid expenses, accounts receivable, bank debt, senior notes, dividends payable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities is estimated as the present value of future net cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date. As at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the fair value of these balances, other than senior notes, approximated their carrying value. The fair value of the bank debt is equal to its carrying amount as the bank debt bears interest at floating rates and credit spreads within the facility are indicative of market rates.

## c) Derivatives

The fair value of financial derivatives are recurring measurements and are determined whenever possible based on observable market data. If not available, the Company uses third party models and valuation methodologies that utilize observable market data including forward benchmark commodity prices, forward interest rates and forward foreign exchange rates to estimate the fair value of financial derivatives. In addition to market information, the Company incorporates transaction specific details that market participants would utilize in a fair value measurement, including the impact of non-performance risk. The valuation techniques used have not changed in the period.

## d) Share Awards

The fair values of share awards are measured using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. Measurement inputs include share price on measurement date, exercise price of the instrument, expected volatility, expected forfeiture rates, weighted average expected life of the instruments, expected dividends and the risk-free interest rate.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024 (unaudited)

## 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

#### a) Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities Subject to Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset if Whitecap has the current legal right to offset and intends to settle on a net basis or settle the asset and liability simultaneously. Whitecap offsets risk management assets and liabilities when the counterparty, commodity, currency and timing of settlement are the same. The following table summarizes the gross asset and liability positions of the Company's financial derivatives.

	June 30, 2024		e 30, 2024		December	31, 2023
(\$ millions)	Asset	Liability	Net	Asset	Liability	Net
Gross amount	63.9	(29.0)	34.9	121.7	(2.3)	119.4
Amount offset	(11.1)	11.1	-	-	-	-
Net amount <sup>(1)</sup>	52.8	(17.9)	34.9	121.7	(2.3)	119.4

<sup>(1)</sup> Gross asset and liability positions by counterparty that are offset on the balance sheet as at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

## b) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to Whitecap if a partner or counterparty to a product sales contract or financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Whitecap is exposed to credit risk with respect to its cash, accounts receivable and risk management contracts. Most of Whitecap's accounts receivable relate to oil and natural gas sales or joint interest billings and are subject to typical industry credit risks. Whitecap manages this credit risk as follows:

- By entering into sales contracts with only established creditworthy counterparties as verified by a third-party rating agency, through internal evaluation or by requiring security such as letters of credit;
- By limiting exposure to any one counterparty; and
- By restricting cash equivalent investments and risk management transactions to counterparties that, at the time of transaction, are not less than investment grade.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,
(\$ millions)	2024	2023
Accounts receivable	421.6	400.2
Risk management contracts	52.8	121.7
Total exposure	474.4	521.9

Joint interest receivables are typically collected within one to three months following production. The majority of the credit exposure on accounts receivable at June 30, 2024 pertains to accrued revenue for June 2024 production volumes. Whitecap transacts with a number of oil and natural gas marketing companies and commodity end users (**"Commodity Purchasers"**). Commodity Purchasers typically remit amounts to Whitecap by the 25<sup>th</sup> day of the month following production. The Company monitors the exposure to any single counterparty along with its financial position. If it is deemed that a counterparty has become materially weaker, the Company will work to reduce the credit exposure to that counterparty. At June 30, 2024, one Commodity Purchaser accounted for 14 percent of the total accounts receivable balance. None are considered a credit risk.

Whitecap applies the simplified approach to providing for expected credit losses prescribed by IFRS 9 which permits the use of the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables. Prior credit losses in the collection of accounts receivable by Whitecap have been negligible and the Company does not anticipate any significant future credit losses based on forward looking information.

When determining whether amounts that are past due are collectable, management assesses the creditworthiness and past payment history of the counterparty, as well as the nature of the past due amount. Whitecap considers all amounts greater than 90 days to be past due. At June 30, 2024, there was \$8.9 million (December 31, 2023 – \$10.6 million) of receivables aged over 90 days. Subsequent to June 30, 2024, approximately \$0.8 million has been collected and the remaining balance is not considered to be a credit risk.

## c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that Whitecap will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. Whitecap actively manages its liquidity through cash and debt management strategies. Such strategies include continuously monitoring forecasted and actual cash flows from operating, financing and investing activities, available credit under existing banking arrangements and opportunities to issue long-term debt. Whitecap actively monitors its credit and working capital facilities to ensure that it has sufficient available funds to meet its dividend payments and financial requirements at a reasonable cost. Management believes that future funds generated from these sources will be adequate to settle Whitecap's financial liabilities.

The following table details the contractual maturities of Whitecap's financial liabilities as at June 30, 2024:

(\$ millions)	<1 year	1 - 2 years	2+ years	Total
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	609.6	-	-	609.6
Dividends payable	36.5	-	-	36.5
Liabilities associated with assets held for sale	1.5	-	-	1.5
Long-term debt <sup>(1)</sup>	7.6	7.6	1,193.7	1,208.9
Lease liabilities <sup>(1)</sup>	21.7	21.2	140.0	182.9
Share awards liability	13.7	3.9	1.1	18.7
Risk management contracts <sup>(2)</sup>	14.1	3.8	-	17.9
Total financial liabilities	704.7	36.5	1,334.8	2,076.0

<sup>(1)</sup> These amounts include the notional principal and interest payments.

<sup>(2)</sup> Interest rate swaps are included in risk management contracts.

The following table details the contractual maturities of Whitecap's financial liabilities as at December 31, 2023:

(\$ millions)	<1 year	1 - 2 years	2+ years	Total
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	509.0	-	-	509.0
Dividends payable	36.4	-	-	36.4
Long-term debt <sup>(1)</sup>	210.6	7.6	1,163.5	1,381.7
Lease liabilities <sup>(1)</sup>	9.0	8.8	36.3	54.1
Share awards liability	10.1	3.4	0.8	14.3
Risk management contracts <sup>(2)</sup>	2.0	0.3	-	2.3
Total financial liabilities	777.1	20.1	1,200.6	1,997.8

<sup>(1)</sup> These amounts include the notional principal and interest payments.

<sup>(2)</sup> Interest rate swaps are included in risk management contracts.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024 (unaudited)

## d) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices. Market risk is composed of commodity price risk, interest rate risk, equity price risk and foreign exchange risk as discussed below.

Whitecap's consolidated balance sheet included the following risk management assets recorded at fair value:

	June 30,	December 31,
(\$ millions)	2024	2023
Current Assets		
Crude oil	2.4	43.4
Natural gas	31.0	23.4
Interest	6.2	11.6
Total current assets	39.6	78.4
Long-term Assets		
Crude oil	3.9	32.6
Natural gas	9.3	9.2
Interest	-	1.5
Total long-term assets	13.2	43.3
Total fair value	52.8	121.7

Whitecap's consolidated balance sheet included the following risk management liabilities recorded at fair value:

	June 30,	December 31,
(\$ millions)	2024	2023
Current Liabilities		
Crude oil	11.8	-
Power	2.3	2.0
Total current liabilities	14.1	2.0
Long-term Liabilities		
Crude oil	3.3	-
Power	0.5	0.3
Total long-term liabilities	3.8	0.3
Total fair value	17.9	2.3

Whitecap's net income includes the following realized and unrealized gains (losses) on risk management contracts:

	Three mo	nths ended June 30,	Six mo	onths ended June 30,
(\$ millions)	2024	2023	2024	2023
Realized gain on commodity contracts	4.5	11.9	10.1	21.0
Unrealized (loss) gain on commodity contracts	14.8	32.9	(77.5)	74.2
Net (loss) gain on commodity contracts	19.3	44.8	(67.4)	95.2
Realized gain on interest rate contracts <sup>(1)</sup>	3.8	3.6	7.8	7.0
Unrealized (loss) gain on interest rate contracts <sup>(1)</sup>	(4.3)	2.9	(7.0)	(1.0)
Realized gain on equity contracts <sup>(2)</sup>	-	2.6	-	5.6
Unrealized loss on equity contracts <sup>(2)</sup>	-	(3.3)	-	(6.3)
Net (loss) gain on risk management contracts	18.8	50.6	(66.6)	100.5

<sup>(1)</sup> The gains (losses) on interest rate risk management contracts are included in interest and financing expense.

<sup>(2)</sup> The gains (losses) on equity contracts are included in stock-based compensation expenses.

i) Commodity Price Risk

The Company's operational results and financial condition are largely dependent on the commodity prices received for its oil and natural gas production. Commodity prices have fluctuated widely in recent years due to global and regional factors including supply and demand fundamentals, the COVID-19 pandemic, inventory levels, weather, and economic and geopolitical factors.

Whitecap manages the risks associated with changes in commodity prices by entering into a variety of risk management contracts. The Company assesses the effects of movement in commodity prices on income before tax. When assessing the potential impact of these commodity price changes, the Company believes a ten percent volatility is a reasonable measure. A ten percent increase or decrease in commodity prices would have resulted in the following impact to unrealized gains (losses) on commodity risk management contracts and net income before tax:

(\$ millions)		June 30, 2024
	Increase 10%	Decrease 10%
Commodity Price		
Crude oil	(129.6)	109.2
Natural gas	(15.9)	13.6
Power	(0.5)	0.5

At June 30, 2024, the following commodity risk management contracts were outstanding with an asset fair market value of \$46.6 million and liability fair market value of \$17.9 million (December 31, 2023 – asset of \$108.6 million and liability of \$2.3 million):

## 1) WTI Crude Oil Derivative Contracts

			Bought Put		
Туре	Remaining Term	Volume (bbls/d)	Price (C\$/bbl) <sup>(1)</sup>	Sold Call Price (C\$/bbl) <sup>(1)</sup>	Swap Price (C\$/bbl) <sup>(1)</sup>
Swap	Jul - Dec 2024	9,000			106.20
Swap	Jan - Jun 2025	8,000			104.39
Swap	Jul - Dec 2025	1,000			100.05
Swap <sup>(2)</sup>	Jan - Dec 2025	19,000			101.77
Swap	Jan - Dec 2026	5,000			94.77
Collar	Jul - Dec 2024	5,000	82.00	116.98	

<sup>(1)</sup> Prices reported are the weighted average prices for the period.

(2) 5,000 bbls/d at a weighted average price of \$105.41/bbl are extendable through 2026 at the option of the counterparties through the exercise of a one-time option on December 31, 2025.

## 2) Natural Gas Derivative Contracts

		Volume	Swap Price
Туре	Remaining Term	(GJ/d)	(C\$/GJ) <sup>(1)</sup>
Swap	Jul - Oct 2024	25,000	2.56
Swap	Jul - Dec 2024	27,000	3.11
Swap	Jul 2024 - Dec 2025	10,000	3.30
Swap	Nov 2024 - Mar 2025	10,000	3.58
Swap <sup>(2)</sup>	Jan - Dec 2025	95,000	3.35
Swap	Jan - Dec 2026	30,000	3.58

<sup>(1)</sup> Prices reported are the weighted average prices for the period.

(2) 17,500 GJ/d at a weighted average price of \$3.48/GJ are extendable through 2026 at the option of the counterparties through the exercise of a one-time option on December 31, 2025.

## 3) Power Derivative Contracts

		Volume	Fixed Rate
Туре	Remaining Term	(MWh)	(\$/MWh) <sup>(1)</sup>
Swap	Jul - Dec 2024	44,161	107.00
Swap	Jan - Dec 2025	43,800	71.75

<sup>(1)</sup> Prices reported are the weighted average prices for the period.

#### *ii)* Interest Rate Risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on its credit facility and \$705 million term loan. The credit facility consists of a \$1.93 billion revolving syndicated facility and a \$75.0 million revolving operating facility. The revolving syndicated facility and revolving operating facility and the term loan bear interest at the bank's prime lending or adjusted CORRA rates plus applicable margins. Changes in interest rates could result in an increase or decrease in the amount Whitecap pays to service the variable interest rate debt. The Company mitigates its exposure to interest rate changes by entering into interest rate swap transactions and/or fixed rate debt.

If interest rates applicable to floating rate debt at June 30, 2024 were to have increased or decreased by 100 basis points, it is estimated that the Company's income before tax would change by approximately \$2.5 million and \$5.0 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively (\$2.2 million and \$4.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively (\$2.2 million and \$4.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively (\$2.2 million and \$4.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively (\$2.2 million and \$4.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively (\$2.2 million and \$4.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively (\$2.2 million and \$4.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, respectively). This assumes that the change in interest rate is effective from the beginning of the year and the amount of floating rate debt is the amount outstanding at June 30, 2024.

When assessing the potential impact of forward interest rate changes on the Company's interest rate swaps, the Company believes an interest rate volatility of 100 basis points is a reasonable measure. A 100 basis point increase or decrease in forward interest rates would have resulted in the following impact to unrealized gains (losses) on interest rate risk management contracts and net income before tax:

(\$ millions)		June 30, 2024
	Increase 1.0%	Decrease 1.0%
Interest rate swaps	1.9	(1.9)

At June 30, 2024, the following interest rate risk management contracts were outstanding with an asset fair market value of \$6.2 million (December 31, 2023 – asset of \$13.1 million):

## 1) Interest Rate Contracts

			Amount	Fixed Rate	
Туре	Term		(\$ millions)	(%) <sup>(1)</sup>	Index (2)
Swap	Aug 6, 2019	Aug 6, 2024	200.0	1.5540	CORRA
Swap	May 5, 2021	May 5, 2025	200.0	1.2315	CORRA

<sup>(1)</sup> Rates reported are the weighted average rates for the period.

<sup>(2)</sup> Canadian Overnight Repo Rate Average ("CORRA").

## *iii)* Equity Price Risk

The Company is exposed to equity price risk on its own share price in relation to awards issued under the award incentive plan, which affects earnings through the revaluation of awards that are accounted for as cash-settled transactions at each period end. Changes in share price could result in an increase or decrease in the amount that Whitecap recognizes as stock-based compensation and the amount Whitecap pays to cash settle awards. The Company may mitigate its exposure to fluctuations in its share price by entering into equity derivative contracts such as total return swaps from time to time. At June 30, 2024, Whitecap did not have any equity price risk contracts outstanding.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024 (unaudited)

#### iv) Foreign Exchange Risk

The Company is exposed to the risk of changes in the U.S./Canadian dollar exchange rate on crude oil sales based on U.S. dollar benchmark prices and commodity contracts that are settled in U.S. dollars. The Company may mitigate its exposure to changes in the U.S./Canadian dollar exchange rate by entering into Canadian dollar denominated commodity risk management contracts or foreign exchange contracts. At June 30, 2024, Whitecap did not have any foreign exchange contracts outstanding.

#### e) Capital Management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base for the objectives of maintaining financial flexibility, creditor and market confidence and to sustain the future development of the business. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying petroleum and natural gas assets. The Company considers its capital structure to include shareholders' equity, long-term debt and working capital.

## i) Net Debt and Total Capitalization

Management considers net debt a key capital management measure to assess the Company's liquidity. Total capitalization is a capital management measure used by management and investors in analyzing the Company's balance sheet strength and liquidity.

The following is a breakdown of the Company's capital structure:

	June 30,	December 31,
(\$ millions)	2024	2023
Long-term debt	1,190.1	1,356.1
Accounts receivable	(421.6)	(400.2)
Deposits and prepaid expenses	(34.7)	(32.9)
Non-current deposit	(82.9)	(82.9)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	609.6	509.0
Dividends payable	36.5	36.4
Net debt	1,297.0	1,385.5
Shareholders' equity	5,572.3	5,477.0
Total capitalization	6,869.3	6,862.5

## *ii)* Funds Flow

Management considers funds flow to be a key capital management measure of operating performance as it demonstrates Whitecap's ability to generate the cash necessary to pay dividends, repay debt, make capital investments, and/or to repurchase common shares under the Company's normal course issuer bid ("NCIB"). Management believes that by excluding the temporary impact of changes in non-cash operating working capital, funds flow provides a useful measure of Whitecap's ability to generate cash that is not subject to short-term movements in non-cash operating working capital. Funds flow is not a standardized measure and, therefore, may not be comparable with the calculation of similar measures by other entities.

Funds flow for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 is calculated as follows:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
(\$ millions, except per share amounts)	2024	2023	2024	2023
Cash flow from operating activities	505.0	414.9	857.5	883.5
Net change in non-cash working capital	(78.6)	0.2	(47.1)	(20.4)
Funds flow	426.4	415.1	810.4	863.1
Funds flow per share, basic	0.71	0.69	1.35	1.43
Funds flow per share, diluted	0.71	0.68	1.35	1.41

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024 (unaudited)

## 6. **DISPOSITIONS**

## **Musreau 05-09 Facility Partial Disposition**

On June 24, 2024, the Company closed the disposition of a 50 percent working interest in the Musreau 05-09 facility for cash consideration of \$100 million. A gain on disposition of \$1.5 million was recorded as the proceeds less cost of disposal exceeded the carrying amount. Whitecap retains operatorship and the remaining 50 percent working interest. In addition, Whitecap has entered into a long-term fixed take-or-pay commitment. See Note 10 - "Right-of-Use Assets" and Note 12 – "Lease Liabilities" for additional information regarding the Company's leases.

## 7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

## a) Net Carrying Amount

	June 30,	December 31,
Net book value (\$ millions)	2024	2023
Petroleum and natural gas properties	14,558.0	14,162.2
Other assets	18.9	16.5
Property, plant and equipment, at cost	14,576.9	14,178.7
Less: accumulated depletion, depreciation, amortization and impairment	(5,850.0)	(5,406.1)
Total net carrying amount	8,726.9	8,772.6

## b) Cost

	Petroleum and natural gas		
Cost (\$ millions)	properties	Other assets	Total
Balance at December 31, 2023	14,162.2	16.5	14,178.7
Additions	600.0	2.4	602.4
Property acquisitions	1.8	-	1.8
Reclassified as assets held for sale	(189.5)	-	(189.5)
Change in decommissioning costs	19.2	-	19.2
Transfer from evaluation and exploration assets	0.6	-	0.6
Disposals	(36.3)	-	(36.3)
Balance at June 30, 2024	14,558.0	18.9	14,576.9

## c) Accumulated Depletion, Depreciation, Amortization and Impairment

	Petroleum and		
Accumulated depletion, depreciation, amortization and	natural gas		
impairment (\$ millions)	properties	Other assets	Total
Balance at December 31, 2023	5,396.4	9.7	5,406.1
Depletion, depreciation and amortization	478.7	1.4	480.1
Reclassified as assets held for sale	(36.2)	-	(36.2)
Balance at June 30, 2024	5,838.9	11.1	5,850.0

Future development costs of \$8.3 billion (June 30, 2023 - \$8.3 billion) were included in the depletion calculation. The Company capitalized \$15.7 million (June 30, 2023 - \$14.2 million) of administrative costs directly relating to development activities which includes \$5.6 million (June 30, 2023 - \$5.2 million) of stock-based compensation.

## d) Impairment Expense (Reversal)

## i) June 30, 2024 Impairment and Impairment Reversal

At June 30, 2024, there were no indicators of impairment or impairment reversal for PP&E assets.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024 (unaudited)

## 8. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

## a) Net Carrying Amount

	June 30,	December 31,
(\$ millions)	2024	2023
Exploration and evaluation assets	221.1	221.1
Less: accumulated land expiries and write-offs	(65.5)	(51.3)
Total net carrying amount	155.6	169.8

## b) Cost

(\$ millions)	
Balance at December 31, 2023	221.1
Additions	1.1
Transfer to property, plant and equipment	(0.6)
Disposals	(0.5)
Balance at June 30, 2024	221.1

## c) Accumulated Land Expiries and Write-Offs

(\$ millions)	
Balance at December 31, 2023	51.3
Land expiries and write-offs	14.2
Balance at June 30, 2024	65.5

E&E assets consist of the Company's exploration projects which are pending the determination of proved reserves. Additions represent the Company's share of costs acquired or incurred on E&E assets during the year.

## d) Impairment

At June 30, 2024, there were no indicators of impairment for E&E assets.

## 9. ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

At June 30, 2024, a 50 percent working interest in the Company's Kaybob 15-07 complex was reclassified to assets held for sale, and the associated decommissioning liability has been reclassified to liabilities held for sale.

On July 2, 2024, the Company entered into a purchase and sale agreement for the disposition of a 50 percent working interest in the complex. Whitecap will retain operatorship and the remaining 50 percent working interest in the complex. In addition, at the closing of the transaction, Whitecap will enter into a long-term fixed take-or-pay commitment. The transaction is expected to close in the third quarter of 2024. Refer to the Subsequent Event note for additional information.

## 10. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

Whitecap recognizes right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities related to certain office facilities, operating facilities, vehicles and equipment. The Musreau facility partial disposition was accounted for as a sale and leaseback transaction, and a right-of-use asset was recognized accordingly. See Note 12 – "Lease Liabilities" for additional information regarding the Company's leases.

## a) Net Carrying Amount

(\$ millions)	Offices	Facilities	Other	Total
Right-of-use assets	36.7	34.8	14.6	86.1
Less: accumulated depreciation	(21.7)	-	(9.7)	(31.4)
Balance at June 30, 2024	15.0	34.8	4.9	54.7
b) Cost				
(\$ millions)	Offices	Facilities	Other	Total
Balance at December 31, 2023	36.1	-	13.5	49.6
Additions	0.8	34.8	1.1	36.7
Disposals and other	(0.2)	-	-	(0.2)
Balance at June 30, 2024	36.7	34.8	14.6	86.1
A second data di Disconsistation				

## c) Accumulated Depreciation

(\$ millions)	Offices	Facilities	Other	Total
Balance at December 31, 2023	19.4	-	8.1	27.5
Depreciation	2.3	-	1.6	3.9
Balance at June 30, 2024	21.7	-	9.7	31.4

## **11. LONG-TERM DEBT**

	June 30,	December 31,
(\$ millions)	2024	2023
Credit facility	290.2	256.2
Term loan	705.0	705.0
Senior secured notes	194.9	394.9
Long-term debt	1,190.1	1,356.1

At June 30, 2024, the Company had a total credit capacity of \$2.9 billion which consisted of a \$2.0 billion credit facility, a \$705 million term loan facility, and \$194.9 million in senior secured notes.

## a) Credit Facility

As at June 30, 2024, the Company had a \$2.0 billion credit facility with a syndicate of banks. The credit facility consists of a \$1.93 billion revolving syndicated facility and a \$75.0 million revolving operating facility, with a maturity date of May 31, 2026. As at June 30, 2024, the amount drawn on the credit facilities was \$290.2 million. Prior to any anniversary date, being May 31 of each year, Whitecap may request an extension of the then current maturity date, subject to approval by the banks. Following the granting of such extension, the term to maturity of the credit facilities shall not exceed four years. The credit facility provides that advances may be made by way of direct advances, CORRA loans, or letters of credit/guarantees. The credit facility bears interest at the bank's prime lending or adjusted CORRA rates plus applicable margins. The applicable margin charged by the bank is dependent upon the Company's debt to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") ratio for the most recent quarter. The CORRA loans bear interest at the applicable adjusted CORRA rate plus an explicit stamping fee based upon the Company's debt to EBITDA ratio. The credit facilities are secured by a floating charge debenture on the assets of the Company.

The following table lists Whitecap's financial covenants as at June 30, 2024:

Covenant Description		June 30, 2024
Debt to EBITDA <sup>(1) (2)</sup>	Maximum Ratio 4.00	0.59
EBITDA to interest expense <sup>(1)</sup>	Minimum Ratio 3.50	27.62

<sup>(1)</sup> The EBITDA used in the covenant calculation is adjusted for non-cash items, transaction costs and extraordinary and non-recurring items such as material acquisitions or dispositions.

<sup>(2)</sup> The debt used in the covenant calculation includes bank indebtedness, senior secured notes, letters of credit, and dividends declared.

At June 30, 2024, the Company was compliant with all covenants provided for in the lending agreement. Copies of the Company's credit agreement and amendments may be accessed through the SEDAR+ website (www.sedarplus.ca).

## b) Term Loan

At June 30, 2024, the Company had a \$705 million term loan facility which has a maturity date of May 31, 2026 and is repayable at any time with no penalty. At June 30, 2024, the amount of the term loan outstanding was \$705 million. The term loan provides that advances may be made by way of direct advances or CORRA loans. The term loan bears interest at the bank's prime lending or adjusted CORRA rates plus applicable margins. The applicable margin charged by the bank is dependent upon the Company's debt to EBITDA ratio for the most recent quarter.

The term loan is subject to the same debt to EBITDA ratio and EBITDA to interest expense ratio described under the credit facility. At June 30, 2024, the Company was compliant with all covenants provided for in the term loan agreement. Copies of the Company's term loan agreement may be accessed through the SEDAR+ website (www.sedarplus.ca).

## c) Senior Secured Notes

At June 30, 2024, the Company had issued \$195 million senior secured notes. The notes rank equally with Whitecap's obligations under its credit facility and term loan. The terms, rates, principals and carrying amounts of the Company's outstanding senior notes are detailed below:

(\$ millions)					
		Coupon		Carrying	
Issue Date	Maturity Date	Rate	Principal	Value	Fair Value
December 20, 2017	December 20, 2026	3.90%	195.0	194.9	185.5
Balance at June 30, 2024	4		195.0	194.9	185.5

The Company fully paid \$200 million in senior notes that matured on May 31, 2024. The senior secured notes are subject to the same debt to EBITDA ratio and EBITDA to interest expense ratio described under the credit facility. At June 30, 2024, the Company was compliant with all covenants provided for in the note agreements. Copies of the Company's note agreements and amendments may be accessed through the SEDAR+ website (www.sedarplus.ca).

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024 (unaudited)

## d) Interest and Financing Expenses

The following table summarizes the components of interest and financing expenses during the period:

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
		June 30,		June 30,
(\$ millions)	2024	2023	2024	2023
Interest expenses	23.9	20.6	46.9	44.5
Interest expenses, lease liabilities <sup>(1)</sup>	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.7
Realized gains on interest rate contracts <sup>(2)</sup>	(3.8)	(3.6)	(7.8)	(7.0)
Unrealized (gains) losses on interest rate contracts <sup>(2)</sup>	4.3	(2.9)	7.0	1.0
Interest and financing expenses	24.7	14.4	46.8	39.2

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to Note 12.

(2) Refer to Note 5(d).

## **12. LEASE LIABILITIES**

The Company incurs lease payments related to office facilities, operating facilities, vehicles and equipment. Leases are entered into and exited in coordination with specific business requirements which include the assessment of the appropriate durations for the related leased assets. The Company has entered into a long-term fixed take-or-pay commitment, and lease liability was recognized at the present value of future lease payments using the Company's incremental borrowing rate.

	June 30,	December 31,
(\$ millions)	2024	2023
Current portion	15.0	7.8
Non-current portion	107.3	18.8
Lease liabilities	122.3	26.6

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, interest expense of \$0.3 million and \$0.7 million, respectively (\$0.3 million and \$0.7 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, respectively) and total cash outflows of \$2.3 million and \$4.5 million, respectively (\$2.1 million and \$4.1 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, respectively) were recognized relating to lease liabilities.

## 13. DECOMMISSIONING LIABILITY

(\$ millions)	
Balance at December 31, 2023	1,093.1
Liabilities incurred	5.0
Liabilities settled	(20.4)
Change in estimate	14.2
Accretion expense	18.9
Reclassified as liabilities associated with assets held for sale	(1.5)
Balance at June 30, 2024	1,109.3

The Company's decommissioning liability results from its ownership interest in oil and natural gas assets including well sites and gathering systems. The total decommissioning liability is estimated based on the Company's net ownership interest in all wells and facilities, estimated costs to reclaim and abandon these wells and facilities and the estimated timing of the costs to be incurred in future years. The key assumptions, on which the carrying amount of the decommissioning liability is based, include a risk-free rate of 3.4 percent (3.0 percent at December 31, 2023) and inflation rate of 2.0 percent (2.0 percent at December 31, 2023). At June 30, 2024, the total undiscounted amount of the estimated cash flows required to settle the obligations was \$2.6 billion (December 31, 2023 – \$2.4 billion). The expected timing of payment of the cash flows required for settling the obligations extends up to 54 years.

## 14. DEFERRED GAIN

In 2021, the Company sold a five percent gross overriding royalty interest on Whitecap's working interest in the Weyburn Unit ("**Weyburn GORR**") for cash proceeds of \$186.0 million, net of transaction costs. The Company applied judgment in concluding that the proceeds for the sale of the Weyburn GORR comprised two components: (1) a payment for partial disposal of an interest in property, plant and equipment; and (2) an upfront payment received for future extraction services that will generate future royalties.

The Company used the discounted future cash flows of future development and operating costs multiplied by the five percent royalty rate to derive the upfront payment received for future extraction services of \$57.6 million, which was initially recorded as deferred gain and is afterwards being recognized as gain on asset disposition over the reserve life of the Weyburn Unit (as this is estimated to approximate the efforts the Company will incur towards the implied extraction performance obligation).

Changes to deferred gain were as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,
(\$ millions)	2024	2023
Deferred gain, beginning of the period	52.4	54.7
Deferred gain amortization	(1.2)	(2.3)
Deferred gain, end of period	51.2	52.4
Less current portion of deferred gain	(2.3)	(2.3)
Non-current portion of deferred gain	48.9	50.1

## **15. SHARE CAPITAL**

#### a) Authorized

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares without nominal or par value. The Company is also authorized to issue an unlimited number of preferred shares without nominal or par value provided that, if the authorized preferred shares are to be assigned voting or conversion rights, the number of preferred shares to be issued may not exceed twenty percent of the number of issued and outstanding common shares at the time of issuance of any such preferred shares.

#### b) Issued and outstanding

(\$ millions)	Shares	\$
Balance at December 31, 2023	598.0	4,805.0
Issued on share award vesting	1.4	-
Common shares repurchased <sup>(1)</sup>	-	(1.8)
Contributed surplus adjustment on vesting of non-insider share awards	-	11.0
Share award liability adjustment on settlement of insider share awards	-	(0.2)
Balance at June 30, 2024	599.4	4,814.0

<sup>(1)</sup> At June 30, 2024, 0.2 million shares repurchased under the 2024 NCIB were held in treasury. Subsequent to June 30, 2024, all of the shares held in treasury were cancelled.

#### c) Normal Course Issuer Bid

On May 15, 2024, the Company announced the approval of its renewed NCIB by the TSX (the "**2024 NCIB**"). The 2024 NCIB allows the Company to purchase up to 59,110,613 common shares over a period of twelve months commencing on May 23, 2024.

On May 17, 2023, the Company announced the approval of its renewed NCIB by the TSX (the **"2023 NCIB"**). The 2023 NCIB allowed the Company to purchase up to 59,724,590 common shares over a period of twelve months commencing on May 23, 2023.

On May 16, 2022, the Company announced the approval of its renewed NCIB by the TSX (the "**2022 NCIB**"). The 2022 NCIB allowed the Company to purchase up to 58,341,984 common shares over a period of twelve months commencing on May 21, 2022.

Purchases are made on the open market through the TSX or alternative platforms at the market price of such common shares. All common shares purchased under the NCIB are cancelled. The total cost paid, including commissions and fees, is first charged to share capital to the extent of the average carrying value of Whitecap's common shares and the excess is charged to retained earnings.

The following table summarizes the share repurchases for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
(millions except per share amounts)	2024	2023	2024	2023
Shares repurchased (1)	0.2	-	0.2	3.5
Average cost (\$/share)	10.02	-	10.02	9.56
Amounts charged to:				
Share capital (\$)	1.8	-	1.8	27.6
Retained earnings (\$)	0.4	-	0.4	5.4
Share repurchase cost (\$)	2.20	-	2.20	33.0

(1) At June 30, 2024, 0.2 million shares repurchased under the 2024 NCIB were held in treasury. Subsequent to June 30, 2024, all of the shares held in treasury were cancelled.

## d) Award Incentive Plan

The Award Incentive Plan has time-based awards and performance awards which may be granted to directors, officers, employees of the Company and other service providers. Independent outside directors receive only timebased awards as the primary form of long-term compensation. As at June 30, 2024, the maximum number of common shares issuable under the plan shall not at any time exceed 3.755 percent of the total common shares outstanding. Vesting is determined by the Company's Board of Directors. Time-based awards and performance awards issued to employees of the Company and independent outside directors have vesting periods ranging from 1 to 3 years.

Each time-based award may, in the Company's sole discretion, entitle the holder to be issued the number of common shares designated in the time-based award plus dividend equivalents or payment in cash. Decisions regarding settlement method for insider and non-insider awards are mutually exclusive. Awards granted to insiders are currently accounted for as cash-settled, and awards granted to non-insiders are currently accounted for as equity-settled. Performance awards are also subject to a performance multiplier. This multiplier, ranging from zero to two, will be applied on vesting and is dependent on the performance of the Company relative to predefined corporate performance measures set by the Board of Directors for the associated period.

Based on the terms of the Award Incentive Plan, the fair value of share awards is equal to the underlying share price on grant date. The fair value of awards that are accounted for as cash-settled transactions are subsequently adjusted to the underlying share price at each period end. Performance awards are also adjusted by an estimated payout multiplier. The amount of compensation expense is reduced by an estimated forfeiture rate on the grant date, which has been estimated at four percent of outstanding share awards. The forfeiture rate is adjusted to reflect the actual number of shares that vest. Fluctuations in compensation expense may occur due to changes in estimating the outcome of the performance conditions as well as changes in fair value for awards that are accounted for as cashsettled. Upon the vesting of the awards that are accounted for as equity-settled, the associated amount in contributed surplus is recorded as an increase to share capital. A copy of the Company's Award Incentive Plan may be accessed through the SEDAR+ website (www.sedarplus.ca).

#### WHITECAP RESOURCES INC. NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024 (unaudited)

	Number of			
	Number of Time-	Performance		
(millions)	based Awards	Awards (1)	Total Awards	
Balance at December 31, 2023	1.8	4.5	6.3	
Granted	1.1	2.3	3.4	
Forfeited	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.2)	
Vested	(0.5)	(1.2)	(1.7)	
Balance at June 30, 2024	2.3	5.5	7.8	

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on underlying awards before performance multiplier and dividends accrued.

#### e) Contributed Surplus

(\$ millions)	
Balance at December 31, 2023	16.9
Stock-based compensation	11.7
Share award vesting	(11.0)
Balance at June 30, 2024	17.6

## f) Dividends

Dividends declared were \$0.18 and \$0.37 per common share in the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively (\$0.15 and \$0.29 per common share in the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, respectively).

On July 15, 2024, the Board of Directors declared a monthly dividend of \$0.0608 per common share designated as an eligible dividend, payable in cash to shareholders of record on July 31, 2024. The dividend payment date is August 15, 2024.

## 16. REVENUE

Whitecap sells its production pursuant to fixed and variable-price contracts. The transaction price for fixed price contracts represents the stand-alone selling price per the contract terms. The transaction price for variable priced contracts is based on the commodity price, adjusted for quality, location or other factors, whereby each component of the pricing formula can be either fixed or variable, depending on the contract terms. Under its contracts, Whitecap is required to deliver fixed or variable volumes of crude oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids to the contract counterparty. The amount of revenue recognized is based on the agreed transaction price, whereby any variability in revenue relates specifically to the Company's efforts to transfer production, and therefore the resulting revenue is allocated to the production delivered in the period during which the variability occurs. As a result, none of the variable consideration is considered constrained.

The contracts generally have a term of one year or less, whereby delivery occurs throughout the contract period. Commodity purchasers typically remit payments to Whitecap by the 25<sup>th</sup> day of the month following production.

A breakdown of petroleum and natural gas sales is as follows:

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
(\$ millions)	2024	2023	2024	2023
Crude oil	869.9	681.3	1,589.3	1,393.6
NGLs	65.7	47.2	127.1	118.4
Natural gas	44.8	69.4	132.3	169.6
Petroleum and natural gas revenues	980.4	797.9	1,848.7	1,681.6
Tariffs	(6.8)	(6.7)	(13.6)	(14.3)
Processing & other income	11.5	14.4	23.5	26.2
Marketing revenue	63.8	67.8	123.6	132.5
Petroleum and natural gas sales	1,048.9	873.4	1,982.2	1,826.0

Substantially all of the petroleum and natural gas revenues for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 are derived from variable price contracts based on index prices.

Included in accounts receivable at June 30, 2024 is \$343.9 million (June 30, 2023 – \$275.1 million) of accrued petroleum and natural gas revenues related to June 2024 production.

## 17. PER SHARE RESULTS

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Per share income (\$/share)				
Basic	0.41	0.29	0.51	0.72
Diluted	0.41	0.29	0.51	0.72
Weighted average shares outstanding (millions)				
Basic	598.8	605.2	598.4	605.6
Diluted <sup>(1)</sup>	602.1	609.2	601.9	610.1

<sup>(1)</sup> For the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, nil share awards, (for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, 0.6 million and nil share awards, respectively) were excluded from the diluted weighted average shares calculation as they were anti-dilutive.

## 18. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

## a) Changes in Non-Cash Working Capital

Changes in non-cash working capital, excluding acquired working capital:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
(\$ millions)	2024	2023	2024	2023
Accounts receivable	14.3	48.3	(21.3)	122.7
Deposits and prepaid expenses	(4.5)	(10.0)	(1.8)	(5.4)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(5.7)	(77.8)	100.6	(97.7)
Share awards liability – current	(6.9)	(11.4)	3.6	(0.9)
Dividend payable	0.1	0.1	0.1	6.9
Share awards liability	(1.3)	(1.8)	0.8	(0.5)
Change in non-cash working capital	(4.0)	(52.6)	82.0	25.1
Related to:				
Operating activities	78.6	(0.2)	47.1	20.4
Financing activities	0.1	0.1	0.1	6.9
Investing activities	(83.7)	(37.2)	31.2	11.0
Items not impacting cash	1.0	(15.3)	3.6	(13.2)

## b) Reconciliation of Financing Liabilities Arising from Financing Activities

The following table provides a detailed breakdown of the cash and non-cash changes in financing liabilities arising from financing activities:

			Dividends
(\$ millions)	Long-term debt	Lease liabilities	payable
Balance at December 31, 2023	1,356.1	26.6	36.4
Additions	-	99.6	-
Cash flows	(166.9)	(3.9)	(218.3)
Amortization of debt issuance costs	0.9	-	-
Dividends declared	-	-	218.4
Balance at June 30, 2024	1,190.1	122.3	36.5

## **19. COMMITMENTS**

The Company is committed to future payments under the following agreements:

(\$ millions)	2024	2025	2026	2027+	Total
Long-term debt <sup>(1)</sup>	3.8	7.6	1,197.5	-	1,208.9
Transportation agreements	69.2	114.4	96.0	808.0	1,087.6
CO2 Purchase Commitments	10.0	20.3	20.7	190.9	241.9
Lease liabilities <sup>(1)</sup> (Note 12)	10.9	21.7	20.7	129.6	182.9
Service agreements	2.6	4.9	4.9	23.3	35.7
Total	96.5	168.9	1,339.8	1,151.8	2,757.0

<sup>(1)</sup> These amounts include the notional principal and interest payments.

#### 20. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has retained the law firm of Burnet, Duckworth & Palmer LLP ("**BD&P**") to provide Whitecap with legal services. A director of Whitecap is a partner of this firm. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company incurred \$0.3 million and \$0.7 million, respectively for legal fees and disbursements (\$0.8 million and \$1.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, respectively). These amounts have been recorded at the amounts that have been agreed upon by the two parties. The Company expects to retain the services of BD&P from time to time. At June 30, 2024, the payable balance was nil (nil – June 30, 2023).

#### 21. INCOME TAXES

#### Reassessments

In 2023, Whitecap received reassessments from the Canada Revenue Agency ("**CRA**") and the Alberta Tax and Revenue Administration ("**ATRA**") for a former subsidiary that deny non-capital loss deductions relevant to the calculation of income taxes for the years 2018 and 2019. In 2023, Whitecap filed a notice of objection for each CRA and ATRA reassessment and subsequently filed an appeal directly to the Tax Court of Canada. There has been no change in the status of these reassessments since the appeal to the Tax Court of Canada was filed. Whitecap remains confident in the appropriateness of its tax filing position and intends to vigorously defend it.

## 22. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On July 2, 2024, the Company announced it had entered into a strategic infrastructure partnership which includes a 50 percent working interest sale in the Kaybob 15-07 complex and funding of Whitecap's Montney facility at Lator for cash consideration of \$420 million. Whitecap will retain operatorship and the remaining 50 percent working interest in the complex. The transaction is expected to close in the third quarter of 2024. In addition, at the closing of the transaction, Whitecap will enter into a long-term fixed take-or-pay commitment. A copy of the press release may be accessed through the SEDAR+ website (www.sedarplus.ca).